Exercise ME-221

Computing social surplus at a market equilibrium

The Economic Skills Project

1 Problem

Problem

Given the market demand and supply curves below, find the market equilibrium and compute the social surplus.

- $Q^{D} = 900 3P$
- $Q^{S} = P 100$

2 Answer

Answer

Here's the numerical solution:

• SS = \$15,000

3 Method

Solution method

Here's one approach:

- 1. Draw the graph with variables for the equilibrium price and quantity.
- 2. Solve for the equilibrium.
- 3. Add the numerical values of P and Q to the graph.
- 4. Compute the area of the triangle between the Y axis and the equilibrium.

4 Solution

4.1 Step 1

Draw the graph with variables for the equilibrium price and quantity

Here's how it looks:



4.2 Step 2

Solve for the equilibrium

Start with the equilibrium condition $Q^{D} = Q^{S}$, insert the demand and supply equations, and then solve for P_{e} :

- $Q^D = Q^S$
- 900 3P = P 100
- 1000 = 4P
- P = 250
- $Q^{D} = 900 3 \cdot 250 = 150$
- Checking: $Q^{S} = 250 100 = 150$

4.3 Step 3

Add the numerical values of P and Q to the graph

The social surplus is the shaded area below.



4.4 Step 4

Compute the area of the triangle between between the Y axis and the equilibrium

Computing it using the formula for the area of a triangle with the difference between the Y intercepts inserted as the base and the equilibrium quantity inserted as the height:

- $SS = \frac{1}{2}bh$
- $SS = \frac{1}{2} \cdot (300 100) \cdot 150$
- SS = \$15,000

Everything checks - done!

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