E: Internal rate of return

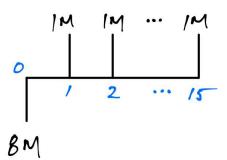
Internal rate of return (IRR):

- Widely used extension to NPV analysis
- Interest rate that makes the NPV of a project equal to zero
- Can think of as the breakeven r

Example: IRR of a 15-year project

Cost: \$8M in 0

Benefit: \$1M per year in 1-15



$$PV_B = {\$1M \choose r} \left(1 - \frac{1}{(1+r)^{15}}\right)$$

$$PV_C = \$8M$$

$$NPV = PV_B - PV_C$$

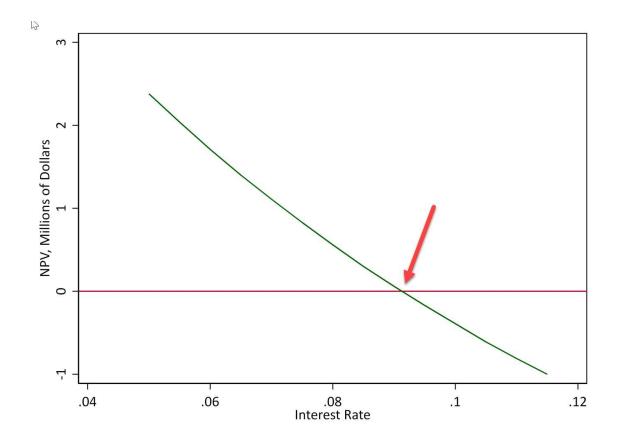
r	PV_B	PV_C	NPV	IRR?
5%	10.4M	8M	2.4M > 0	No: r too small (PV_B too large)
6%	9.7M	8M	1.7M > 0	No: r too small
•••	•••	8M		

To find IRR, solve numerically:

Iterate over r until NPV = 0

Result: IRR = 9.13%

Graphing:



Interpretation:

Project is like an asset that pays 9.1%

Will do in g08